SAN DIEGO COUNTY

Community Profiles by Region and Subregional Area

SAN DIEGO COUNTY

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INTRODUCTION

Introduction

Community Health Statistics

The Community Health Statistics unit was created to provide a means of sharing information about the health behaviors, diseases, injuries, and demographic characteristics of specific populations in San Diego County. This unit aims to supply health professionals with community level data describing the health trends and needs of the residents of our County. Community Health Statistics also provides or refers persons to available local, state and national statistics.

<u>Purpose</u>

This profile is a compilation of information made available to the public health community and public policy-makers to better understand and manage the health and well-being of the residents of our County.

The purpose of this profile is to provide detailed information about the health and characteristics of the people living in San Diego County. It is designed to help the Health and Human Services Agency staff in each of the Health and Human Services Regions (Regions) identify problems and priority areas within their communities.

Regional Data

In an effort to provide more community level detail, profiles have been developed within each region by SRA. As described below, regional boundaries do not exactly match SRA boundaries, but can be estimated by an aggregation of SRAs. For this regional level community profile, the SRAs that most closely approximate the region were aggregated to provide regional estimates. A table and map is included at the beginning of the SRA section to describe the zip codes used to estimate the SRAs within this region.

Maps and data tables are presented by region, subregional area (SRA) and for the entire County. Regions are aggregations of zip codes as defined by the United States Postal Services. Zip codes designate geographic delivery areas, and may change over time with shifts in the population. SRAs are aggregations of census tracts based on community boundaries. Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tract boundaries are defined with the intention of being maintained over time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census.

For more information, contact:

Leslie Upledger Ray, Senior Epidemiologist

Mona Thabit, Program Manager

Julie Steele, Biostatistician

County of San Diego, Community Health Statistics at Emergency Medical Services
6255 Mission Gorge Road, San Diego, CA 92120
(619) 285-6479 (hotline) or (619) 285-6429 (office)

leslie.ray@sdcounty.ca.gov
mona.thabit@sdcounty.ca.gov
julie.steele@sdcounty.ca.gov

DATA GUIDE

Data Sources

Health and demographic data are available from a variety of sources, represented by three different categories of data. Population data, such as the census, is collected from the entire population. Sample or survey data are collected from a portion of the population, and extrapolated to represent the entire population. Administrative data are collected based on an organization's day-to-day operations, such as the prehospital database. The following data sources were used in the preparation of this report.

American Community Survey (ACS): ACS is a new nationwide survey designed to provide communities a fresh look at how they are changing. It is intended to eliminate the need for the long form in the 2010 Census. The ACS collects information from U.S. households similar to what was collected on the Census 2000 long form, such as income, commute time to work, home value, veteran status, and other important data. Information is available by county.

California Health Interview Survey (CHIS): CHIS is an important source of information on health and access to health care services. CHIS is a telephone survey of adults, adolescents, and children from all parts of the state. The survey is conducted every two years. CHIS is the largest state health survey and one of the largest health surveys in the United States. The survey provides state and county level information for health planning and comparison. Region level information will be available in 2007. A list of CHIS questionnaire topics is included. To see the actual survey questions, go to http://www.chis.ucla.edu/topics.html.

Emergency Department Data (ED Data): ED data is collected and maintained for most emergency hospitals in San Diego County. ED data elements include patient's home zip code, demographic information, source of payment, disposition, diagnoses and procedures performed for all patients treated and discharged from the ED.

Emergency Department Data (OSHPD): Summary ED data is collected and maintained for all emergency hospitals in San Diego County. ED data elements include gender, race/ethnicity, source of payment, and disposition for all patients treated and discharged from the ED.

HIV/AIDS Reporting System (HARS): HARS is used to report HIV and AIDS cases in San Diego County. HIV reporting began recently (July 2002), has not been evaluated and therefore is not available for zip code level analysis. The number of AIDS cases is available by zip code if the total is 5 or more.

Hospital Discharge Data: Discharge data is collected and maintained for most inpatient facilities in San Diego County. Discharge data elements include patient's home zip code, demographic information, source of payment, disposition, diagnoses and procedures performed for all patients admitted to the hospital for any condition.

Medical Examiner's Data: EMS receives an Investigative Summary and Autopsy for every individual who dies in San Diego County from a traumatic injury. Medical Examiner's Records contain injury related information including date and time of injury, incident location, patient home zip code, external cause of injury (ICD9 CM E code), age, sex, race/ethnicity, vehicle make and type, law enforcement agency and report number, mechanism of injury and detailed narrative of injuries sustained.

Prehospital Database: EMS receives a prehospital patient record (PPR) for every patient seen by a paramedic or emergency medical technician. The PPR contains information including demographics, incident zip code location, chief complaint, patient status, injury event information, restraint use, contributing factors, times and outcomes.

San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG): SANDAG creates and maintains a tremendous quantity of demographic, economic, land use, transportation and criminal justice information about the San Diego region. Demographic data includes population characteristics like age, education, and employment. SANDAG develops annual demographic estimates and long range forecasts in addition to maintaining census data files. Data is available by County, SRA, zip code, and census tract.

Sexual Assault Response Team (SART): SART data is collected for every sexual assault victim who presents to authorities or appropriate facilities. This database does not represent all sexual assaults occurring in San Diego, only those that are reported. Data is collected on the incident, and aggregate information is available at the county level.

STD Morbidity Surveillance Data: Data is available for three STDs: Chlamydia, gonorrhea and syphilis (primary and secondary). Information on age, gender, race/ethnicity are available for all 3 diseases. Data is also available at the zip code level, although this data is incomplete.

Statewide Integrated Traffic Record System (SWITRS): SWITRS is traffic collision data collected by the California Highway Patrol. Detailed information on the circumstances of the crash, drivers, passengers, and other victims are available by incident zip code.

Trauma Registry: EMS receives a Trauma Registry for every trauma patient admitted to any of the designated trauma center hospitals who meets one or more of the following criteria: length of hospitalization of 24 hours or more, death due to traumatic injuries, or transfer to or from another acute care hospital.

Vital Records Data: A death certificate is completed for every person who dies in San Diego County. Vital records data includes information on underlying and contributing causes of death and basic demographic information by zip code.

For more information on this publication or previous versions, please contact Leslie Upledger Ray at the Community Health Statistics Unit, 6255 Mission Gorge Road, San Diego, CA 92120; (619) 285-6429.

American Community Survey (ACS) Topics

Population	Housing Characteristics
Age and date of birth	Acreage
Ancestry	Agricultural sales
Citizenship	Bedrooms
Class of worker	Business on property
Disability	Condominium status and fee
Educational attainment	Contract rent
Employment status	Food stamps
Families	House heating fuel
Fertility	Housing units
Foreign born status	Insurance
Grandparents as caregivers	Kitchen facilities
Hispanic/Latino origin	Meals included in rent
Household type and relationship	Mobile home costs
Income	Mortgage status
Industry	Mortgage payment
Journey to work	Occupancy status
Language spoken at home	Plumbing facilities
Labor force status	Real estate taxes
Marital status	Rooms
Means of transportation to work	Second mortgage
Occupation	Selected monthly owner costs
Place of birth	Telephone service availability
Place of work	Tenure
Poverty status	Units in structure
Private vehicle occupancy	Utilities
Race	Value of housing units
Residence one year ago	Vehicles available
School enrollment	Year householder moved in
Sex	Year structure built
Travel time to work	
Veteran status	
Work status last week	
Workers in family	

California Health Interview Survey



california health interview survey

Making California's Voices Heard on Health

California Health Interview Survey UCLA Center for Health Policy Research 10911 Weyburn Avenue

10911 Weyburn Avenu Suite 300 Los Angeles, California 90024

Tel 310-794-0925 Toll Free 1-866-275-2447 Fax 310-794-2686 chis@ucla.edu

CHIS 2003 QUESTIONNAIRE TOPICS HEALTH STATUS ADULT ADOLESCENT **CHILD** General health status, height and weight Emotional health Days missed from school due to health problems **HEALTH CONDITIONS ADULT ADOLESCENT CHILD** Asthma Heart disease, high blood pressure, epilepsy Physical disability/need for special equipment / Elder health (stroke, falls, incontinence) Parental concerns with child development, attention deficit disorder (ADD) **HEALTH BEHAVIORS** ADULT **ADOLESCENT CHILD** / / Dietary intake Physical activity and exercise Walking for transportation and leisure Flu and pneumonia immunization Alcohol and tobacco use Drug use Sexual behavior, STD testing, birth control practices **WOMEN'S HEALTH ADULT ADOLESCENT CHILD** Pap test screening, mammography screening, self-breast exam Emergency contraception, pregnancy status Menopause, hormone replacement therapy (HRT) CANCER HISTORY AND PREVENTION **ADULT ADOLESCENT CHILD** / Cancer history of respondent Colon cancer screening, prostate cancer (PSA) test **DENTAL HEALTH ADULT** ADOLESCENT **CHILD** Last dental visit, could not afford care, missed school/work days / / Dental insurance coverage INJURY/VIOLENCE **ADULT ADOLESCENT CHILD** Serious injuries (frequency, cause) Injury prevention behaviors (bike helmets, seatbelts) / Infant-toddler home safety Interpersonal violence ACCESS TO AND USE OF HEALTH CARE **ADOLESCENT ADULT CHILD** Usual source of care, visits to medical doctor / / / Emergency room visits Delays in getting care (prescriptions, tests, treatment) Health care discrimination due to race or ethnic group Communication problems with doctor / Ability and parental knowledge of teen contacting a doctor Child immunization reminders /

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CHIS 2003 QUESTIONNAIRE TOPICS

HEALTH INSURANCE	ADULT	ADOLESCENT	CHILD
Current insurance coverage, spouse's coverage, who pays for it	✓	✓	✓
Health plan enrollment, characteristics and assessment of plan	✓	✓	✓
Whether employer offers coverage, respondent/spouse eligibility	✓		
Coverage over past 12 months	✓	✓	✓
Reasons for lack of insurance	✓	✓	✓
EMPLOYMENT	ADULT	ADOLESCENT	CHILD
Employment status, spouse's employment status	✓		
Work in last week, industry and occupation	✓		
Hours worked at all jobs	✓	✓	
INCOME	ADULT	ADOLESCENT	CHILD
Respondent and spouse's earnings last month before taxes	✓		
Household income (annual before taxes)	✓		
Number of persons supported by household income	✓		
Assets	/		
PUBLIC PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY	ADULT	ADOLESCENT	CHILD
Household poverty level (100%, 130%, 200%, 300% FPL)	/		
Program participation (TANF, CalWorks, Public Housing, Food Stamps, SSI, SSDI, WIC)	1	✓	1
Assets, alimony/child support/social security/pension	✓		
Reason for Medi-Cal non-participation among potential eligibles	√	1	/
FOOD INSECURITY/HUNGER	ADULT	ADOLESCENT	CHILD
Availability of food in household over past 12 months	/		
PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT	ADULT	ADOLESCENT	CHILD
Parental presence after school, parental knowledge of whereabouts and activities		✓	
Child's activities with family			1
NEIGHBORHOOD AND HOUSING	ADULT	ADOLESCENT	CHILD
Neighborhood cohesion	1		
Neighborhood safety	√	1	
Neighborhood characteristics for children			/
Length of time at current address/neighborhood, type of housing	1		
Home ownership, number of rooms, amount of mortgage/rent	√		
CHILD CARE	ADULT	ADOLESCENT	CHILD
Current child care arrangements			1
Child care over past 12 months			/
Reason for lack of childcare			1
RESPONDENT CHARACTERISTICS	ADULT	ADOLESCENT	CHILD
Age, gender, height, weight, education	1	✓	1
Race and ethnicity	✓	✓	1
Marital status	√		
Sexual orientation	1		
Citizenship, immigration status, country of birth, English language proficiency	1	1	1

CHIS 2003 Survey provides information on San Diego County. No regional level information is available for this survey year.

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CHIS 2005 Questionnaire Topics

HEALTH STATUS	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
General health status, height and weight	✓	✓	✓
Emotional health status		✓	
Days missed from work or school due to health problems	✓	✓	✓
HEALTH CONDITIONS	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Asthma	✓	✓	✓
Heart disease, high blood pressure, epilepsy, high cholesterol	✓		
Diabetes	✓	✓	
Physical disability	✓		
Stroke, arthritis	✓		
Parental concerns with child development, attention deficit disorder (ADD)			√
HEALTH BEHAVIORS	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Dietary intake	✓	✓	✓
Physical activity and exercise	✓	✓	✓
Walking for transportation and leisure	✓		
Sedentary Time		✓	✓
Body Image		✓	
Flu and pneumonia immunization	√		
Alcohol and tobacco use	√	√	
Drug use		✓	
Sexual behavior, HIV/STD testing, birth control practices	√	√	
WOMEN'S HEALTH	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Pap test screening, mammography screening	✓		
Emergency contraception		✓	
Pregnancy status	✓	✓	
Menopause, hormone replacement therapy (HRT)	√		
CANCER HISTORY AND PREVENTION	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Cancer history of respondent and family history	✓		
Colon cancer screening, prostate cancer (PSA) test	✓		
DENTAL HEALTH	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Last dental visit			✓
Dental insurance coverage		✓	✓
INJURY	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Serious injuries (frequency, cause)		✓	
Injury prevention behaviors (bike helmets, seatbelts)		✓	
ACCESS TO AND USE OF HEALTH CARE	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Usual source of care, visits to medical doctor	✓	✓	✓
Emergency room visits	✓	✓	✓
Delays in getting care (prescription, tests, treatment)		✓	✓
Racial/ethnic discrimination in health care, MD discussed diet and exercise	✓		
Communication problems with a doctor	✓	✓	✓
Ability and parental knowledge of teen contacting a doctor		✓	

CHIS 2005 Survey provides information on San Diego County. Regional level information may be collected for this survey year.

continued...



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CHIS 2005 QUESTIONNAIRE TOPICS

HEALTH INSURANCE	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Current insurance coverage, spouse's coverage, who pays for coverage	✓	✓	✓
Health plan enrollment, characteristics and assessment of plan	✓	✓	✓
Whether employer offers coverage, respondent/spouse eligibility	✓		
Coverage over past 12 months	✓	✓	✓
Reasons for lack of insurance	✓	✓	✓
EMPLOYMENT	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Employment status, spouse's employment status	✓		
Work in last week, industry and occupation	✓		
Hours worked at all jobs	✓	✓	
INCOME	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Respondent's and spouse's earnings last month before taxes	√		
Household income (annual before taxes)	✓		
Number of persons supported by household income, assets	✓		
PUBLIC PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Household poverty level (100%, 130%, 200%, 300% FPL)	✓		
Program participation (TANF, CalWorks, Public Housing, Food Stamps, SSI, SDSI, WIC)	✓	✓	✓
Assets, alimony/child support/social security/pension	✓		
Reason for Medi-Cal non-participation among potential eligibles	✓	✓	✓
FOOD INSECURITY/HUNGER	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Availability of food in household over past 12 months	✓		
PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT/ADULT SUPERVISION	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Parental presence after school, parental knowledge of teen's activities		✓	
Child's activities with family			✓
NEIGHBORHOOD AND HOUSING	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Neighborhood safety	✓	✓	
Home ownership, length of time at current address	\checkmark		
FOOD ENVIRONMENT	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Quality of food stores in area, where does teen/child eat lunch and breakfast		✓	✓
School has soda vending machines		✓	
MENTAL HEALTH	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Mental health status	✓		✓
Perceived need, use of mental health services	✓		✓
Emotional functioning		√	
CHILD CARE	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Current child care arrangements			✓
Paid child care	✓		
First 5 California: receipt of parent kit and attitudes towards preschool			√
RESPONDENT CHARACTERISTICS	ADULT	TEEN	CHILD
Age, gender, height, weight, education	✓	✓	✓
Race and ethnicity	✓	✓	✓
Marital status	✓		
Sexual orientation	✓	✓	

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9/20/2005

GLOSSARY OF INDICATOR TERMS

GLOSSARY OF TERMS BY TABLE

Updated May 2006

The following terms are defined by SANDAG.

Demographic Profile

Total Population: Total number of persons (residents) in an area.

Age Distribution: Total number of persons (residents) in an area by age group.

Median Age: Divides the age distribution into two equal parts; half of all persons are older than the median and half are younger.

Gender Distribution: Total number of persons (residents) in an area by gender.

Race/Ethnicity: Self-identification by people according to the race(s) and ethnicity with which they most closely identify. "Other" includes American Indian or Alaska Native, Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, those who identified two or more races, and other.

Education

Completed Education: The highest level of education completed in terms of the highest degree or the highest level of schooling completed.

Household Income

Household: A person or group of people living in a housing unit that serves as a primary place of residence.

Household Income: Total pre-tax annual income of all members of a household.

Income: Sum of wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, tips, self-employment income, interest, dividends, net rental income, royalty income, income from estates and trusts, Social Security or Railroad Retirement income, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), any public assistance or welfare payments from the state or local welfare office, retirement, survivor, or disability pensions, and any other sources of income received regularly.

Median Household Income: Divides the household income distribution into two equal parts; half of all households have incomes above the median and half have incomes below the median.

Persons per Household: The average number of persons living in a housing unit, calculated by dividing the household population by the number of occupied housing units.

Income per Person in HH: The average income per person living in a housing unit, calculated by dividing the Median Household Income by the Persons per Household.

Household Income (continued)

Change from County: The percentage above or below the County of San Diego average of \$18,707 per person (2004 estimate).

Housing

Owner Occupied: Housing units that are occupied as a primary residence by the owner of the unit.

Renter Occupied: Housing units that are occupied as a primary residence by an individual other than the owner of the unit.

Residential Density: The total number of housing units per developed residential acre.

Industry

Industry of Civilian Employees: The kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization.

Professional, Scientific, Management, Admin: Category of industry that includes Professional, Scientific, Management, and Administrative.

Entertainment and Hospitality Industry: Category of industry that includes Arts, Entertainment, Recreation, Accommodations and Food Services.

Language

Primary Language Spoken at Home: The language currently used at home, either "English only" or a non-English language that is used in addition to English (bilingual) or in place of English.

Occupation

Employed Civilian Occupation Category (16+ Years): Category of occupation for those who are employed in the civilian work force. Does not include Armed Forces or unemployed. This category refers to the type of work one does on the job, not the industry by which they are employed.

Construction, Extraction, and Maintenance: Category of occupation including construction, extraction (such as mining) and maintenance or repair jobs.

Farming, Fishing, and Forestry: Category of occupation including farming, fishing and forestry jobs.

Labor Force 16+ Years: Includes all residents 16 years old and over who are currently in the civilian labor force, plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces and those who are unemployed. This includes those who are either "at work" or "with a job but not at work".

Occupation (continued)

Management, Professional, and Related: Category of occupation including management (including farm managers), business and financial, computer and mathematical architecture and engineering, science (life, physical, and social), community and social service, legal, education and training and library, arts, design, entertainments, sports, and media, healthcare practitioners.

Production, Transportation and Material: Category of occupation including production, transportation and material moving jobs.

Sales and Office: Category of occupation including sales and office jobs.

Service: Category of occupation including healthcare support, protective service, food preparation and serving, building and grounds cleaning and maintenance, personal care and service.

Unemployed: Civilians 16 years old and over who are neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference period, and were actively looking for work during the last four weeks and were available to accept a job.

Personal Vehicles

Vehicle Availability: Passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for use by household members. Excludes vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes.

Poverty

Income Percent of Poverty Level: The percentage of the poverty threshold that the family's household income is at.

Family: Householder and one or more other people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.

Population: Families or individuals whose total income falls below the poverty threshold set by the Census Bureau, according to family size and composition.

Poverty Level: Minimum annual income below which is considered poverty. Poverty level information for 2005 by family size can be found by <u>clicking here</u>.

School Enrollment

Percent Enrolled: The percentage of children ages 4 to 18 years who were enrolled in grades K −12. Found by dividing the number of enrolled students (K-12) by the total population ages 4 to 18 years.

School Enrollment (continued)

Percent Public: The percentage of all students enrolled in grades K-12 who attend a private school. A private school is one that is supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups.

Percent Private: The percentage of all students enrolled in grades K-12 who attend a public school. A public school is one that is supported and controlled primarily by a federal, state, or local government (including tribal schools).

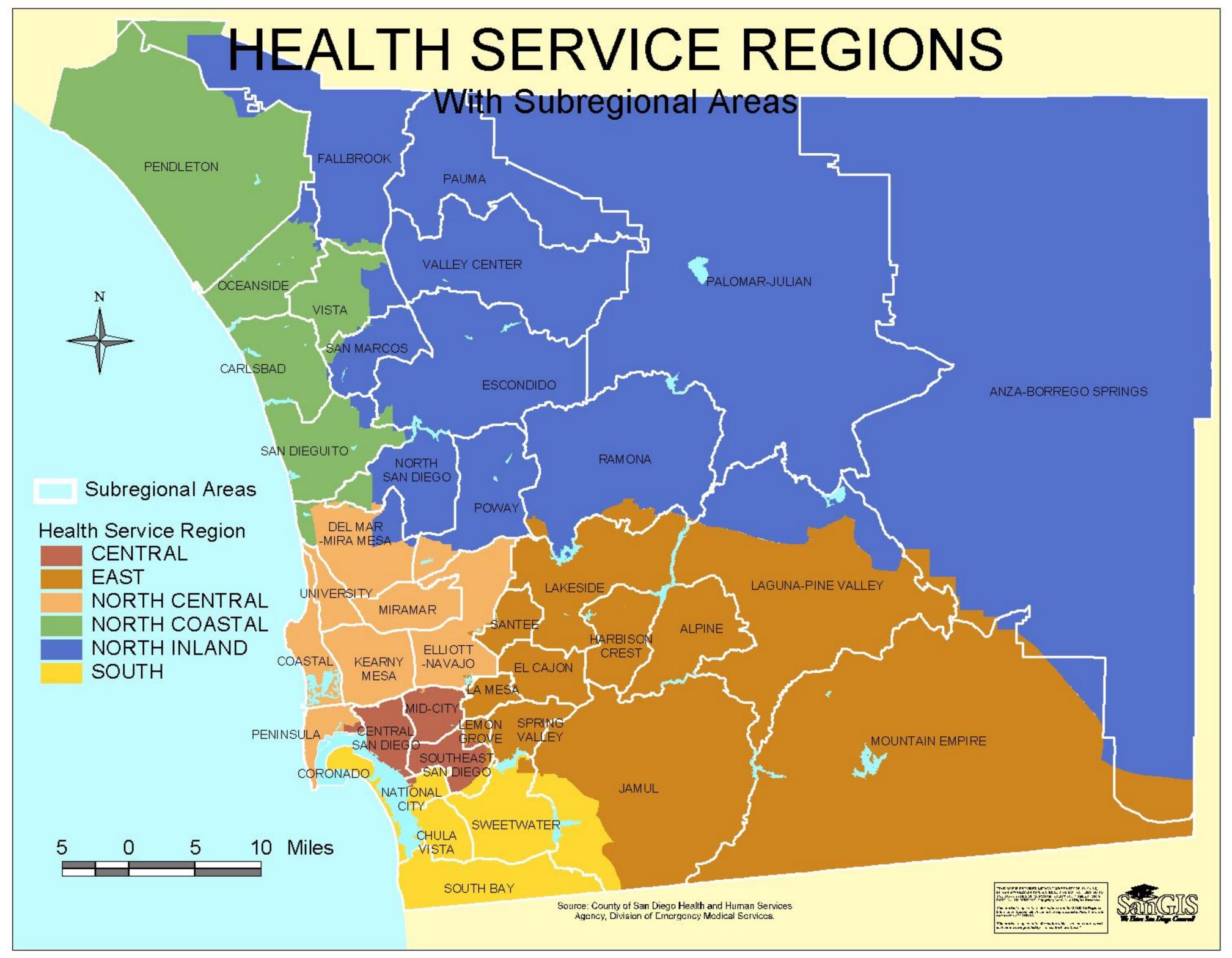
Single Parent Homes

Single Parent Household: The percentage of all families with "own children" under age 18 living in the household, who are headed by a person, male or female, without a spouse present in the home. "Own children" are never-married children under 18 who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption

Unemployment

Unemployed: Percentage of civilians 16 years old and over who are neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference period, and were actively looking for work during the last four weeks and were available to accept a job.

COUNTY PROFILE



San Diego County

Demographic Profile (2005 Estimates)

Demographic Frome (2003 Estimates)			
	Number	Percent	
Total Population	3,051,280	100.00%	
Age Distribution			
0 to 4 Years	223,682	7.33%	
5 to 14 Years	413,800	13.56%	
15 to 24 Years	471,624	15.46%	
25 to 44 Years	928,892	30.44%	
45 to 64 Years	678,515	22.24%	
65+ Years	334,767	10.97%	
Gender Distribution			
Male	1,520,893	49.84%	
Female	1,530,387	50.16%	
Race/Ethnicity			
White	1,574,617	51.61%	
Hispanic	880,030	28.84%	
Black	161,033	5.28%	
Asian	302,736	9.92%	
Other	132,864	4.35%	

Household (HH) Income (2005 Estimates)

Household (HH) Income (2002 Estimates)			
Number	Percent		
1,061,027	100.00%		
460,374	43.39%		
267,155	25.18%		
132,327	12.47%		
79,533	7.50%		
121,638	11.46%		
\$52	,192		
Persons Per HH 2.77			
e per Person in HH \$18,841.88			
	460,374 267,155 132,327 79,533 121,638		

Unemployment Estimates (2000 Census)

Eligible Labor Force	
16+ Years	1,399,807
Labor Force	
Percent Unemployed	5.41%

Occupation (2000 Census)

Labor Force (16+ Years)		
Unemployed Civilians	75,670	
Armed Forces	91,398	
Employed Civilians	1,232,739	
Employed Civilian Occupation Category (16+ Year	rs)	
Management, Professional, & Related	37.53%	
Service	16.01%	
Sales and Office	27.34%	
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	0.52%	
Construction, Extraction, & Maintenance	8.67%	
Production, Transportation, & Material Moving	9.93%	

Industry (2000 Census)

Industry of Civilian Employees		
Agriculture, Forestry, Mining	0.68%	
Utilities	0.72%	
Construction	6.61%	
Manufacturing	11.01%	
Wholesale Trade	3.22%	
Retail Trade	11.28%	
Transportation and Warehousing	3.07%	
Information and Communications	3.45%	
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	7.11%	
Professional, Scientific, Management, Admin.	13.32%	
Educational, Social and Health Services	19.39%	
Entertainment and Hospitality related	9.58%	
Other Services	5.16%	
Public Administration	5.40%	

Education (2000 Census)

Total Population		
25+ Years Old	1,771,842	
Completed Education		
< High School Graduate	17.41%	
High School Graduate	19.85%	
Some College or AA	33.22%	
Bachelor Degree	18.67%	
Graduate Degree	10.85%	

School Enrollment (2000 Census)

	,	
Population Eligible for Enrollment		
4 to 18 years	607,482	
School Enrollment (K - 12)		
Percent Enrolled	90.99%	
Private vs Public School Enrollment		
Percent Public Schools	91.17%	
Percent Private Schools	8.83%	

Language (2000 Census)

Total Population	
5+ Years Old	2,615,212
Primary Language Spoken at Home	
English Only	67.02%
Spanish Only	5.65%
Asian/Pacific Island Language Only	1.21%
Other Language Only	0.42%
Bilingual	25.71%

Housing Estimates (2000 Census)

Occupancy	
Owner Occupied	54.64%
Renter Occupied	44.56%
Housing Costs	
Median House Value	\$223,363
Median Rent	\$711
Residential Density	
Housing Units per Acre	3.2

Personal Vehicles (2000 Census)

Household Vehicle Availability	
No Vehicle	8.04%
1 Vehicle	34.86%
>1 Vehicle	57.11%

Poverty Estimates (2000 Census)

1 overty Estimates (2000 census)						
Income Percent of Poverty Level						
<50%	5.30%					
50 - 74%	3.22%					
75 - 99%	3.92%					
100 - 124%	4.54%					
125 - 149%	4.80%					
150% - 199%	8.76%					
200% +	69.47%					
Percent Below Poverty Level						
Population	12.62%					
Families	8.36%					
Families With Children	12.64%					

Single Parent Homes (2000 Census)

Total Family Households	
With Children <18 Years	365,923
Families With Children <18 Years	
Percent Single Parent	28.67%

San Diego County

Asian Population Distribution (2000 Census)

		Percent of	Percent of
	Number	Asian	Total
		Population	Population
Total			
Population	2,716,820		
Total Asian			
Population	244,424	100.0%	9.0%
Asian Indian	10,148	4.2%	0.4%
Bangladeshi	102	0.0%	0.0%
Cambodian	4,314	1.8%	0.2%
Chinese; except			
Taiwanese			
Taiwancsc	28,581	11.7%	1.1%
Filipino	121,147	49.6%	4.5%
Hmong	1,441	0.6%	0.1%
Indonesian	589	0.2%	0.0%
Japanese	18,649	7.6%	0.7%
Korean	12,004	4.9%	0.4%
Laotian	7,002	2.9%	0.3%
Malaysian	127	0.1%	0.0%
Pakistani	522	0.2%	0.0%
Sri Lankan	167	0.1%	0.0%
Taiwanese	2,169	0.9%	0.1%
Thai	1,584	0.6%	0.1%
Vietnamese	33,504	13.7%	1.2%
Other Asian	256	0.1%	0.0%
Other Asian; not			
specified	2,256	0.9%	0.1%

San Diego County Language Detail American Community Survey, 2004 Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English

The following tables refer to primary language spoken at home by ability to speak English. In this case, the term "bilingual" refers to those who speak a language other than English at home, and speak English very well. The term "mono-lingual" refers to those who either speak only English in the home, or those who speak another language in the home and speak English less than very well. Those who speak multiple languages, but not English are listed in the mono-lingual table. Below is information on the language detail portion of the survey, adapted from the 2004 Subject Definitions document. For more information on the American Community Survey, go to http://www.census.gov/acs/www/index.html.

Language Spoken at Home – Data on language spoken at home were derived from the answers to questions asked in the 2003-2004 American Community Survey (Items 13a and 13b). These questions were asked of persons 5 years old and older. The first question asks if the person currently speaks a language other than English at home. The reply should be "No" if a language was spoken only at school or work or if speaking was limited to a few expressions or slang. The reply should've been "Yes" if they sometimes or always speak a language other than English at home and the name of that language should have been written in on the form. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken most often or, if they cannot determine the one spoken most often, the language learned first.

These questions referred to a language spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of a language other than English. Persons who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home, or who only used them elsewhere, were excluded. Most respondents who reported speaking a language other than English at home also speak English. The questions did not permit determination of the primary language of persons who spoke both English and another language.

Household Language – In households where one or more people (age 5 years old or over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language as specified in the Subject Definitions. Thus, a person who speaks only English may have a non-English household language assigned to him/her in tabulations of individuals by household language.

Ability to Speak English – People 5 years old and over who reported that they spoke a language other than English in the previous question were asked to indicate their ability to speak English based on one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all." The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception of his or her own ability or, because American Community Survey questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member.

San Diego County

Foreign Language Spoken at Home Among English Speakers Estimates from 2004 American Community Survey

Language Spoken at Home Total Population	Number 2,614,942			
•	, ,			
Total English-Bilingual* Population	478,731	100.00%	18.31%	
Spanish	319,427	66.72%	12.22%	
Tagalog	52,124	10.89%	1.99%	
German	14,718	3.07%	0.56%	
Chinese	14,711	3.07%	0.56%	
French	11,639	2.43%	0.45%	
Vietnamese	9,187	1.92%	0.35%	
Portuguese	6,630	1.38%	0.25%	
Japanese	5,026	1.05%	0.19%	
Persian	4,525	0.95%	0.17%	
Italian	4,399	0.92%	0.17%	
Other Pacific Island	4,380	0.91%	0.17%	
Korean	4,051	0.85%	0.15%	
Laotian	3,401	0.71%	0.13%	
African	3,258	0.68%	0.12%	
Arabic	2,956	0.62%	0.11%	
Greek	2,345	0.49%	0.09%	
Hindi	1,973	0.41%	0.08%	
Other Bilingual	1,947	0.41%	0.07%	
Polish	1,693	0.35%	0.06%	
Russian	1,312	0.27%	0.05%	
Other West Germanic	1,254	0.26%	0.05%	
Serbo-Croatian	1,090	0.23%	0.04%	
Armenian	1,022	0.21%	0.04%	
Urdu	932	0.19%	0.04%	
Hebrew	858	0.18%	0.03%	
Other Asian	854	0.18%	0.03%	
Scandinacian	834	0.17%	0.03%	
Other Indo-European	644	0.13%	0.02%	
Other Indic	492	0.10%	0.02%	
Thai	410	0.09%	0.02%	
Other Slavic	239	0.05%	0.01%	
Mon-Khmer, Cambodian	201	0.04%	0.01%	
Other Native North American	199	0.04%	0.01%	
French Creole	0	0.00%	0.00%	
Yiddish	0	0.00%	0.00%	
Gujarathi	0	0.00%	0.00%	
Miao Hmong	0	0.00%	0.00%	
Navajo	0	0.00%	0.00%	
Hungarian	0	0.00%	0.00%	

^{*} In this case,
"bilingual"
refers to
those who
speak English
very well and
speak another
language at
home.

The 2004 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population over 5 years old and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability.

San Diego County Language Spoken at Home Among Mono-linguals* Estimates from 2004 American Community Survey

Language Spoken at Home	Number	Percent of Mono-lingual* Population	Percent of <i>Total</i> Population
Total Population	2,614,942		
		T	
Total Mono-lingual* Population	2,136,211	100.00%	81.69%
English Only	1,707,851	79.95%	65.31%
Non-English Speakers:			
Spanish Only	299,653	14.03%	11.46%
Tagalog Only	32,649	1.53%	1.25%
Vietnamese Only	21,992	1.03%	0.84%
Chinese Only	16,875	0.79%	0.65%
Korean Only	6,757	0.32%	0.26%
Arabic Only	6,670	0.31%	0.26%
Laotian Only	6,341	0.30%	0.24%
Persian Only	5,782	0.27%	0.22%
Other Pacific Island Only	5,297	0.25%	0.20%
Russian Only	4,661	0.22%	0.18%
Japanese Only	4,252	0.20%	0.16%
German Only	3,171	0.15%	0.12%
Other Asian Only	2,594	0.12%	0.10%
Other Indo-European Only	2,256	0.11%	0.09%
Italian Only	1,287	0.06%	0.05%
French Only	1,246	0.06%	0.05%
Other Only	1,227	0.06%	0.05%
Polish Only	911	0.04%	0.03%
African Only	772	0.04%	0.03%
Other Indic Only	731	0.03%	0.03%
Urdu Only	676	0.03%	0.03%
Gujarathi Only	423	0.02%	0.02%
Greek Only	417	0.02%	0.02%
Thai Only	410	0.02%	0.02%
Hebrew Only	244	0.01%	0.01%
Other Slavic Only	226	0.01%	0.01%
Serbo-Croatian Only	215	0.01%	0.01%
Armenian Only	212	0.01%	0.01%
Portuguese Only	210	0.01%	0.01%
Scandinavian Only	203	0.01%	0.01%
French Creole Only	0	0.00%	0.00%
Yiddish Only	0	0.00%	0.00%
Other West Germanic Only	0	0.00%	0.00%
Hindi Only	0	0.00%	0.00%
Mon-Khmer, Cambodian Only	0	0.00%	0.00%
Miao Hmong Only	0	0.00%	0.00%
Navajo Only	0	0.00%	0.00%
Other Native North American Only	0	0.00%	0.00%
Hungarian Only	U	0.00%	0.00%

* In this case. "mono-lingual" refers to those who speak English only or another language at home and speak English less than very well. There may be households who are bilingual non-English speakers (i.e. Spanish and French), with the language used most or learned first listed as their primary household language.

The 2004 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population over 5 years old and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and a community the amplified the results of the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and

CORE INDICATORS

For data on the most commonly requested public health indicators, follow link to the Core Public Health Indicators Document.

The Core document contains data for California, San Diego County, and each Health Service Region when available, as well as the Healthy People 2010 objectives.

Information contained in these tables includes the following:

- Health Behaviors: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use, Nutrition, Overweight, Physical Activity
- **Health Status:** Limited Activity, Poor Health
- Social & Physical Environment: Air Quality, Childcare, Education, Lead Exposure, Poverty, Violence/Abuse, Violent Deaths
- Health Care Access: Immunizations, Health Insurance, Prenatal Care, Regular Source of Care
- Health Outcomes: AIDS, Asthma, Breast Cancer, Cardiovascular Disease, Cervical Cancer, Diabetes, Hepatitis, Fetal and Infant Mortality, Birth-related Outcomes and Birth to Teens, Lung Cancer, Sexually Transmitted Diseases, Suicide, Tuberculosis
- Safety Outcomes: Firearm-related Injuries, Poisonings, Unintentional Injury, Hip Fractures, Injury Prevention
- Top 10 Causes Of Death For San Diego County 2002

Trends in Selected Publich Health Indicators San Diego County

Disease Related Public Health Indicators

	20	000	20	01	2002		2003	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Female Breast Cancer Deaths	415	29.9	373	26.5	407	28.2	-	-
Cervical Cancer Deaths	34	2.5	46	3.2	27	1.9	-	-
Lung Cancer Deaths	1,248	50.3	1,228	48.6	1,148	44.3	-	-
Coronary Heart Disease Deaths	4,552	185.1	4,512	178.3	4,247	162.8	-	-
Diabetes-Related Deaths	481	19.2	491	19.3	475	18.2	-	-
Diabetes Hospitalizations	2,949	113.0	2,883	108.1	3,041	111.8	-	-
Overall AIDS Cases	461	16.4	436	15.3	436	15.0	-	-
Incidence of Chlamydia, Ages 15-19	-	-	-	-	2,821	1,279.0	2,807	1,272.6
Incidence of Primary & Secondary Syphillis	-	-	-	-	38	1.3	109	3.7
New Tuberculosis Cases	295	10.5	332	11.8	326	11.2	316	10.7
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Number of Reported Elevated Blood Lead Levels, Ages 0-6	56	100.0	69	100.0	40	100.0	50	100.0

All rates are per 100,000 population. Breast and cervical cancer deaths are per 100,000 female population.

Percent refers to percentage of all reported cases in San Diego County.

Suicide and Homicide Public Health Indicators

	2000		2001		2002		2003	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Suicides, Age 55+	98	18.7	96	18.1	97	17.6	-	-
Suicides, Age 15-24	40	9.0	32	7.1	35	7.5	-	1
Homicides, Ages 15-34	53	6.1	53	5.9	49	5.3	-	-

All rates are per 100,000 population within each age group.

Public Health Indicators Related to Births

	2000		2001		2002		2003		
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	
Infant Mortality	263	5.9	246	5.6	197	4.5	-	-	
Teen Birth Rate, Ages 15-17	1,321	24.3	1,223	21.7	1,155	20.0	1,131	18.9	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Number of All Live Births & Percent of County Total	44,272	100.0	43,758	100.0	43,951	100.0	45,368	100.0	
Number & Percent of Live Births Where Mother Received Late or No Prenatal Care	1,748	4.0	1,443	3.4	1,166	2.7	1,087	2.4	
Number & Percent of Live Births with Low Birth Weight - Under 2500 grams	2,668	6.0	2,644	6.0	2,682	6.1	2,782	6.1	

Infant Mortality Rate: Deaths <1 year per 1,000 live births.

Teen Birth Rate: Births per 1,000 population, Ages 15-17 years

Source: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Community Health Statistics Unit, Trends in Selected Public Health Indicators, March 2005

Note: Prehospital data is collected in fiscal years. For each prehospital indicator, 2000 refers to FY1999/2000, and 2001 refers to FY2000/2001.

Trends in Selected Publich Health Indicators San Diego County

Injury Related Public Health Indicators

	2000		2000 2001		2002		2003	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Unintentional Injury Deaths, Ages 0 - 19	82	13.4	64	10.3	73	11.4	-	-
Nonfatal, Unintentional Injury Hospitalizations	17,569	656.7	17,832	654.2	18,594	666.2	-	-
Nonfatal, Prehospital Patients With Unintentional Injury	24,545	872.3	26,602	931.4	-	-	-	-
Poisoning Deaths	273	9.7	247	8.8	279	9.7	-	-
Nonfatal, Poison Hospitalizations	2,265	81.0	2,365	83.2	2,261	77.9	-	-
Nonfatal, Prehospital Patients with CC of Overdose/Poisoning	3,111	110.6	3,218	112.7	-	-	-	-
Fall-Related Deaths	128	5.1	107	4.1	134	5.1	-	-
Drownings	31	1.1	30	1.0	31	1.1	-	-
Nonfatal, Prehospital Patients with Firearm Injury	340	12.1	401	14.0	-	-	-	-
Nonfatal, Prehospital Patients With Pedestrian Injury	1,032	36.7	971	34.0	-	-	-	-
Nonfatal, Prehospital Patients With CC of Head/Neck Trauma	17,650	627.3	18,280	640.1	-	-	-	-

All rates are per 100,000 population

Motor Vehicle Related Public Health Indicators

	2000		2001		2002		2003	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Deaths Due to Motor Vehicle Crashes	206	7.2	287	9.9	308	10.5	-	-
Nonfatal, Prehospital Patients With Motor Vehicle Occupant Injury	13,404	476.4	13,753	481.5	-	-	-	-
Unintentional Motor Vehicle Injuries Due to Driving Under The Influence	2,231	79.3	2,453	85.9	1,765	60.7	1,740	58.8
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Motor Vehicle Occupant Crash Victims Using Restraints	17,713	92.3	18,175	92.7	18,629	92.9	17,535	88.4
Motor Vehicle Occupant Crash Victims Using Child Restraints, Ages 0-5	171	39.8	158	38.1	224	55.9	186	49.2
Motorcycle Crash Victims Using a Helmet	632	87.2	850	95.5	782	95.4	807	94.7

All rates are per 100,000 Population

Percent refesr to percentage of all victims who used restraints/helmets.

Source: County of San Diego, Health and Human Services Agency, Community Health Statistics Unit, Trends in Selected Public Health Indicators, March 2005

Note: Prehospital data is collected in fiscal years. For each prehospital indicator, 2000 refers to FY1999/2000, and 2001 refers to FY2000/2001.

Table 1. Adult Tobacco Use in San Diego County and California, percent of survey respondents.

·	1990		1996		1999*		2002*	
	SAN DIEGO	CA	SAN DIEGO	CA	SAN DIEGO	CA	SAN DIEGO	CA
Current Smoker*	20.0%	20.1%	16.3%	17.3%	17.3%	17.6%	15.1%	16.2%
Daily Smoker [†]					12.8%	12.9%	10.2%	11.6%
Occasional Smoker [‡]					4.5%	4.7%	4.9%	4.6%
Smokeless Tobacco Use	1.4%	1.9%	1.6%	1.5%	1.4%	1.7%	0.7%	1.2%
Cigar Use	2.1%	2.6%	8.3%	5.5%	4.9%	4.8%	5.1%	4.5%

Source: The California Tobacco Survey (CTS) http://www.cstats.info/

The CTS is weighted to the 1990 California population by age, race/ethnicity, gender, and income level. The estimates represent the percentage of adults who report having used particular tobacco products.

This change in definition of current smokers has been found in previous research to increase current smoking prevalence estimates by approximately one percent.

^{*} Since 1999, current smokers have been defined as the percentage of adults who report ever having smoked 100 cigarettes in their entire life and who report now smoking either every day (daily smoker) or some days (occasional smoker).

^{*} Prior to 1999, current smokers were asked a variant of the smoking status question, with current smokers being defined as those persons who report a history of smoking 100 cigarettes in their entire life and who respond "yes" to the question "do you smoke now?"

[†] Daily smokers are defined as the percentage of adults who report ever having smoked 100 cigarettes in their entire life and who report now smoking every day.

[‡] Occasional smokers are defined as the percentage of adults who report ever having smoked 100 cigarettes in their entire life and who report now smoking some days.

Table 2. Youth Tobacco Use in California and San Diego County, percent of survey respondents.

·	200	2	2004		
	SAN DIEGO	CA	SAN DIEGO	CA	
Current Smoker [†]	18.3%	16.0%	15.1%	13.2%	
Daily Smoker [‡]	3.0%	2.9%	1.4%	1.7%	
Ever Smoked§	55.9%	51.9%	46.1%	43.9%	
Current Smokeless Tobacco Use	2.3%	3.0%	3.0%	3.1%	
Current Cigar Use	10.5%	10.9%	11.4%	11.1%	
Ever used chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip	11.4%	12.5%	7.9%	9.3%	
Ever Tried smoking cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars	35.7%	34.5%	33.3%	30.6%	
	33.1 /0	O-T.O /0	33.370	30.070	
Ever Tried bidis &/or kreteks *	18.1%	16.2%	9.7%	10.7%	

Source: California Student Tobacco Survey (CSTS) http://www.cstats.info/

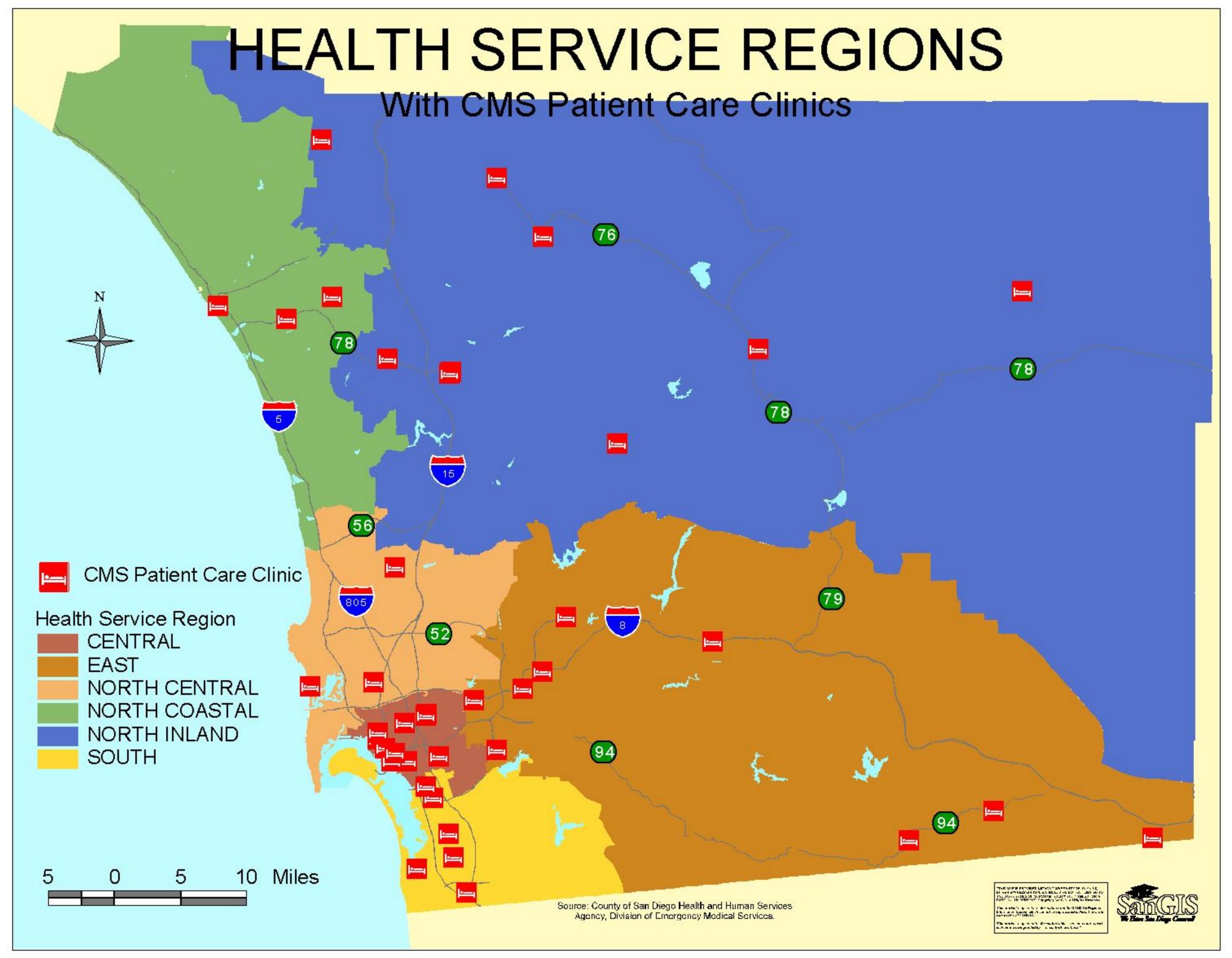
The CSTS is weighted to the 2001 California student population by grade level, race/ethnicity, and gender. The estimates represent the percentage of youth who report having used particular tobacco products.

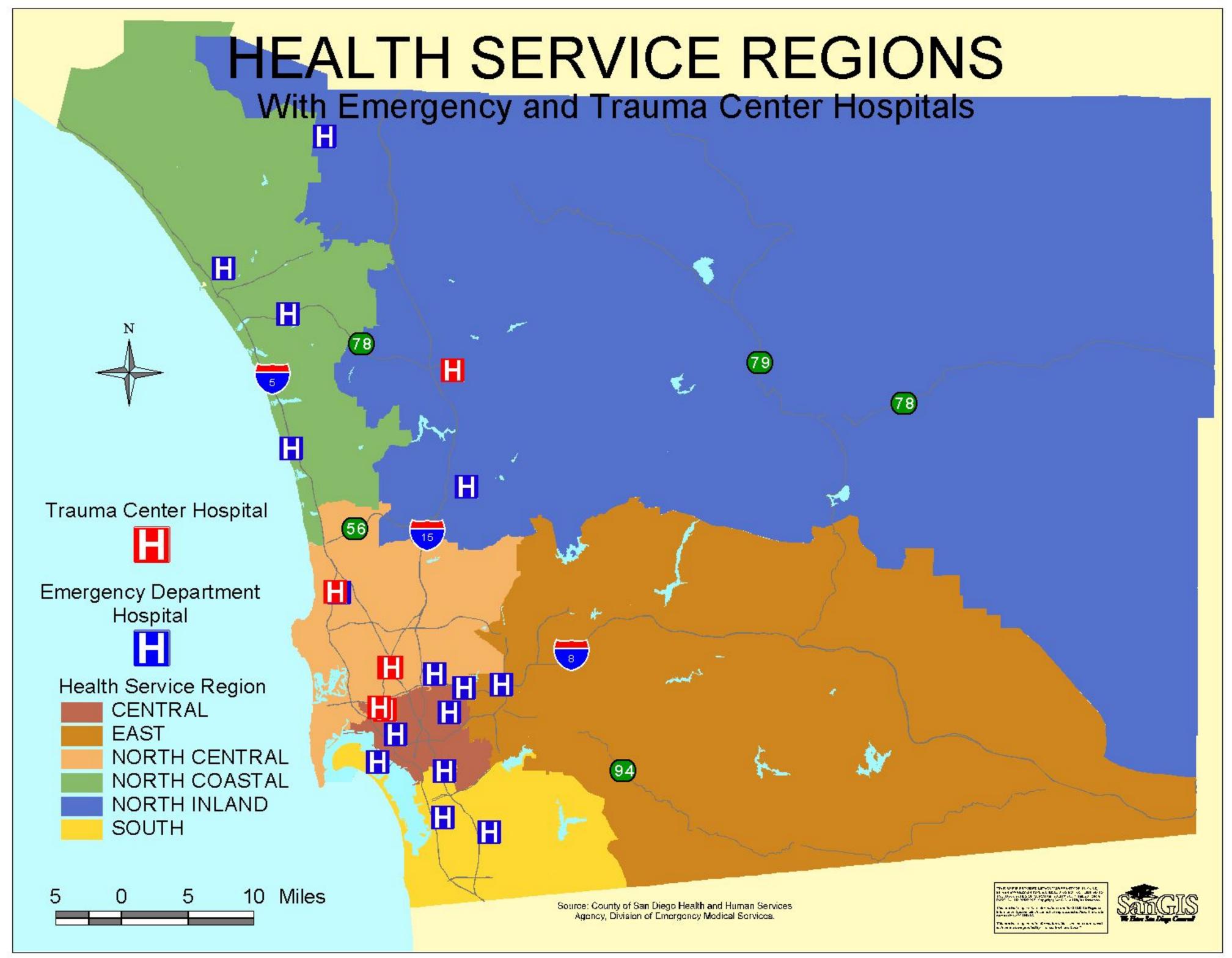
- † Current smokers are defined as the percentage of high school youth who report smoking on one or more of the 30 days prior to the survey.
- ‡ Daily smokers are defined as the percentage of high school youth who report smoking on all 30 of the days prior to the survey.
- § Ever smokers are defined as the percentage of high school youth who report ever having smoked a cigarette (even a puff or two) in their entire life.

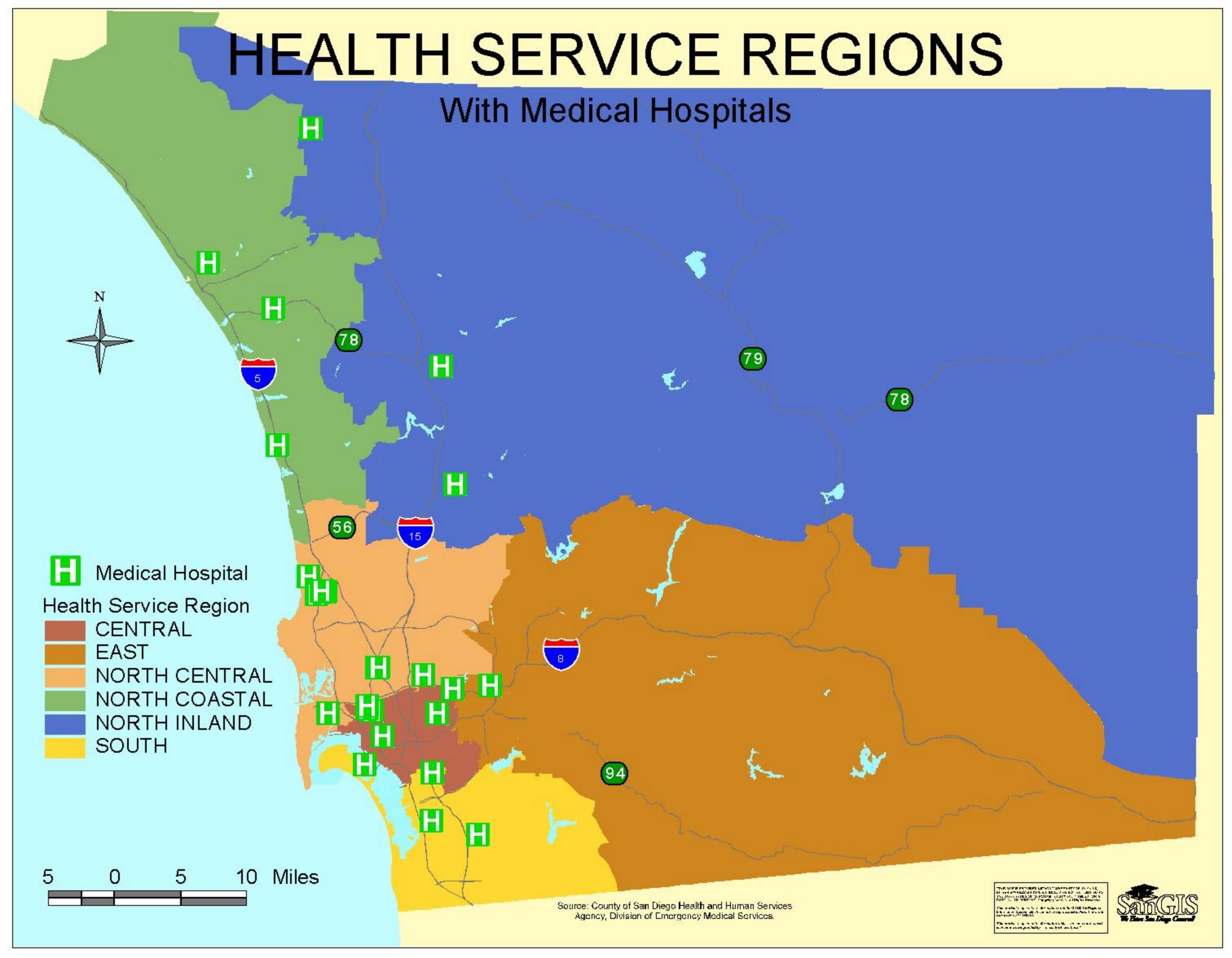
*Bidis (pronounced "bee-dees") are small, thin hand-rolled cigarettes imported to the United States primarily from India and other Southeast Asian countries. They consist of tobacco wrapped in a tendu or temburni leaf (plants native to Asia), and may be secured with a colorful string at one or both ends. Bidis can be flavored (e.g., chocolate, cherry, and mango) or unflavored. They have higher concentrations of nicotine, tar, and carbon monoxide than conventional cigarettes sold in the United States.

Kreteks (pronounced "cree-techs") are sometimes referred to as clove cigarettes. Imported from Indonesia, kreteks typically contain a mixture consisting of tobacco, cloves, and other additives. As with bidis, standardized machine-smoking analyses indicate that kreteks deliver more nicotine, carbon monoxide, and tar than conventional cigarettes. There is no evidence to indicate that bidis or kreteks are safe alternatives to conventional cigarettes.

http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/factsheets/bidisandkreteks.htm





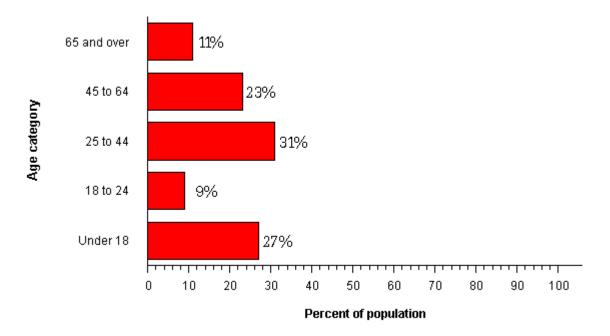


San Diego County, California Population and Housing Narrative Profile: 2004 2004 American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

POPULATION OF San Diego County: In 2004, San Diego County had a household population of 2.8 million - 1.4 million (50 percent) females and 1.4 million (50 percent) males. The median age was 34.5 years. Twenty-seven percent of the population were under 18 years and 11 percent were 65 years and older.

The Age Distribution of People in San Diego County, California in 2004



Source: American Community Survey, 2004

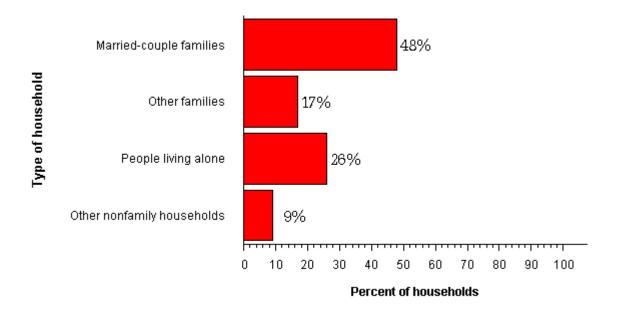
For people reporting one race alone, 74 percent were White; 5 percent were Black or African American; 1 percent were American Indian and Alaska Native; 11 percent were Asian; 1 percent were Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and 9 percent were Some other race. Three percent reported Two or more races. Twenty-nine percent of the people in San Diego County were Hispanic. Fifty-two percent of the people in San Diego County were White non-Hispanic. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

More information on the age, race, and sex of the US population is available from American Community Survey Ranking Tables.

HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES: In 2004 there were 1.0 million households in San Diego County. The average household size was 2.8 people.

Families made up 65 percent of the households in San Diego County. This figure includes both married-couple families (48 percent) and other families (17 percent). Nonfamily households made up 35 percent of all households in San Diego County. Most of the nonfamily households were people living alone, but some were comprised of people living in households in which no one was related to the householder.

The Types of Households in San Diego County, California in 2004



Source: American Community Survey, 2004

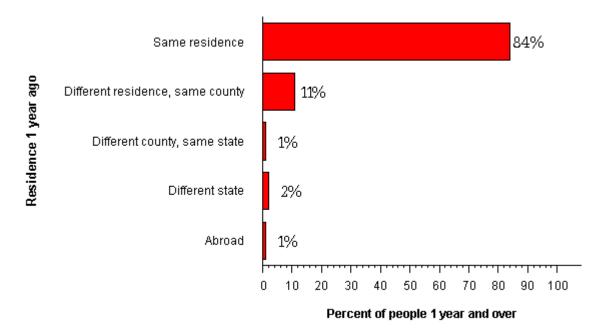
More information on the households and families of the US population is available from American Community Survey Ranking Tables.

NATIVITY AND LANGUAGE: Twenty-three percent of the people living in San Diego County in 2004 were foreign born. Seventy-seven percent were native, including 45 percent who were born in California. Among people at least five years old living in San Diego County in 2004, 35 percent spoke a language other than English at home. Of those speaking a language other than English at home, 68 percent spoke Spanish and 32 percent spoke some other language; 47 percent reported that they did not speak English "very well."

More information on the nativity and languages of the US population is available from American Community Survey Ranking Tables.

GEOGRAPHIC MOBILITY: In 2004, 84 percent of the people at least one year old living in San Diego County were living in the same residence one year earlier; 11 percent had moved during the past year from another residence in the same county, 1 percent from another county in the same state, 2 percent from another state, and 1 percent from abroad.

Geographic Mobility of Residents of San Diego County, California in 2004



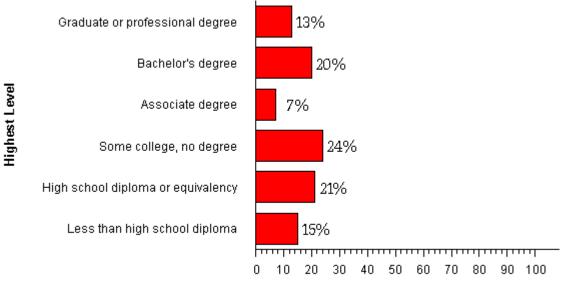
Source: American Community Survey, 2004

More information on the geographic mobility of the US population is available from American Community Survey Ranking Tables.

EDUCATION: In 2004, 85 percent of people 25 years and over had at least graduated from high school and 33 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher. Among people 16 to 19 years old, 4 percent were dropouts; they were not enrolled in school and had not graduated from high school.

The total school enrollment in San Diego County was 794,000 in 2004. Preprimary school enrollment was 87,000 and elementary or high school enrollment was 493,000 children. College enrollment was 214,000.

The Educational Attainment of People in San Diego County, California in 2004



Percent of people 25 years and over

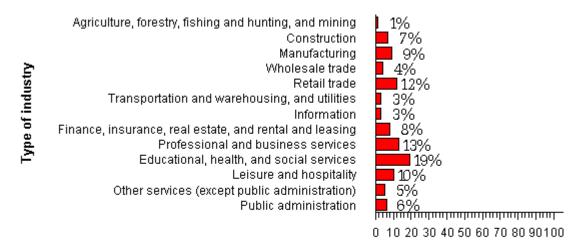
Source: American Community Survey, 2004

DISABILITY: In San Diego County, among people at least five years old in 2004, 11 percent reported a disability. The likelihood of having a disability varied by age - from 3 percent of people 5 to 20 years old, to 8 percent of people 21 to 64 years old, and to 40 percent of those 65 and older.

More information on the education and disability of the US population is available from American Community Survey Ranking Tables.

INDUSTRIES: In 2004, for the employed population 16 years and older, the leading industries in San Diego County were Educational, health, and social services, 19 percent, and Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services, 13 percent.

Employment by Industry in San Diego County, California in 2004



Percent of employed population 16 years and over

Source: American Community Survey, 2004

Note: The Professional and business services category includes the following industries: Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services. The Leisure and hospitality category includes the following industries: Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services

OCCUPATIONS AND TYPE OF EMPLOYER: Among the most common occupations were: Management, professional, and related occupations, 38 percent; Sales and office occupations, 28 percent; Service occupations, 16 percent; Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations, 9 percent; and Production, transporation, and material moving occupations, 8 percent. Sixty-nine percent of the people employed were Private wage and salary workers; 16 percent were Federal, state, or local government workers; and 9 percent were Self-employed.

More information on the industries, occupations, and type of employers of the US population is available from American Community Survey Ranking Tables.

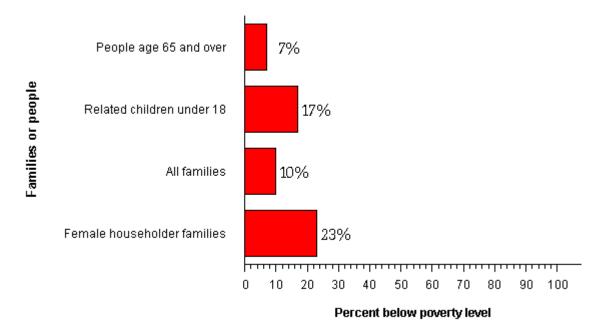
TRAVEL TO WORK: Seventy-nine percent of San Diego County workers drove to work alone in 2004, 11 percent carpooled, 3 percent took public transportation, and 3 percent used other means. The remaining 4 percent worked at home. Among those who commuted to work, it took them on average 25.7 minutes to get to work.

INCOME: The median income of households in San Diego County was \$51,012. Eighty-two percent of the households received earnings and 16 percent received retirement income other than Social Security. Twenty-three percent of the households received Social Security. The average income from Social Security was \$12,783. These income sources are not mutually exclusive; that is, some households received income from more than one source.

More information on the travel to work and income of the US population is available from American Community Survey Ranking Tables.

POVERTY AND PARTICIPATION IN GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS: In 2004, 12 percent of people were in poverty. Seventeen percent of related children under 18 were below the poverty level, compared with 7 percent of people 65 years old and over. Ten percent of all families and 23 percent of families with a female householder and no husband present had incomes below the poverty level.

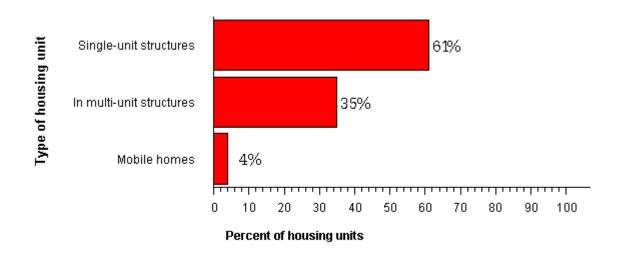
Poverty Rates in San Diego County, California in 2004



Source: American Community Survey, 2004

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS: In 2004, San Diego County had a total of 1.1 million housing units, 6 percent of which were vacant. Of the total housing units, 61 percent were in single-unit structures, 35 percent were in multi-unit structures, and 4 percent were mobile homes. Eighteen percent of the housing units were built since 1990.

The Types of Housing Units in San Diego County, California in 2004



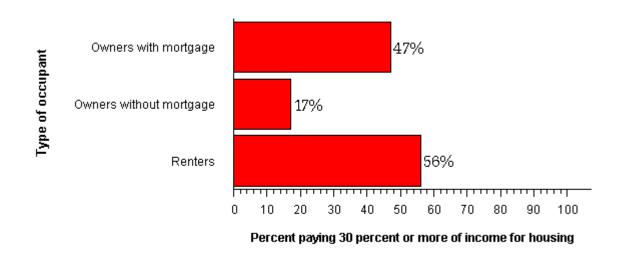
Source: American Community Survey, 2004

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT CHARACTERISTICS: In 2004, San Diego County had 1.0 million occupied housing units - 575,000 (56 percent) owner occupied and 453,000 (44 percent) renter occupied. Two percent of the households did not have telephone service and 7 percent of the households did not have access to a car, truck, or van for private use. Multi Vehicle households were not rare. Thirty-nine percent had two vehicles and another 21

percent had three or more.

HOUSING COSTS: The median monthly housing costs for mortgaged owners was \$1,895, nonmortgaged owners \$375, and renters \$978. Forty-seven percent of owners with mortgages, 17 percent of owners without mortgages, and 56 percent of renters in San Diego County spent 30 percent or more of household income on housing.

Occupants with a Housing Cost Burden in San Diego County, California in 2004



Source: American Community Survey, 2004

More information on the poverty and housing of the US population is available from American Community Survey Ranking Tables.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2004 American Community Survey

Notes:

- · Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.
- · Percentages are based on unrounded numbers.

For more information, contact:

Leslie Upledger Ray, Senior Epidemiologist

Mona Thabit, Program Manager

Julie Steele, Biostatistician

County of San Diego, Community Health Statistics at Emergency Medical Services 6255 Mission Gorge Road, San Diego, CA 92120

(619) 285-6479 (hotline) or (619) 285-6429 (office)

<u>leslie.ray@sdcounty.ca.gov</u>

mona.thabit@sdcounty.ca.gov

<u>julie.steele@sdcounty.ca.gov</u>